# Connecting Theory to Data in Analyzing Social Insurance, *Chetty and Finkelstein*

#### **COMMENTS AND CONTEXT**

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# Paper Highlights

- 1) Should government intervene?
  - Does selection exist (in the private market for insurance)?
  - How does this affect welfare?
- 2) Optimal SI policy
  - Develop expressions that implicitly define optimal policies
  - Sufficient statistics, estimable elasticities and changes in consumption
- →Connecting theory and empirics to learn about welfare and optimal policy
- Strongly grounded in theory; combined with identifying estimable pieces with less structure

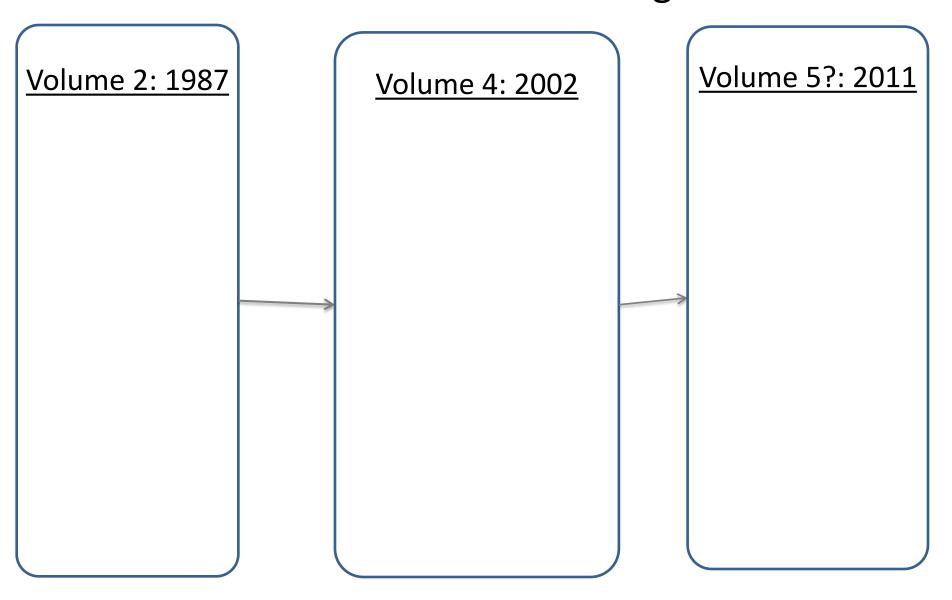
# Social Insurance in Developed Countries

- Social Security: earnings loss due to retirement or death
- Medicare: medical expenditures in old age
- Disability Insurance: career ending disability
- Unemployment Insurance: job loss
- Workers' Compensation: on the job accidents

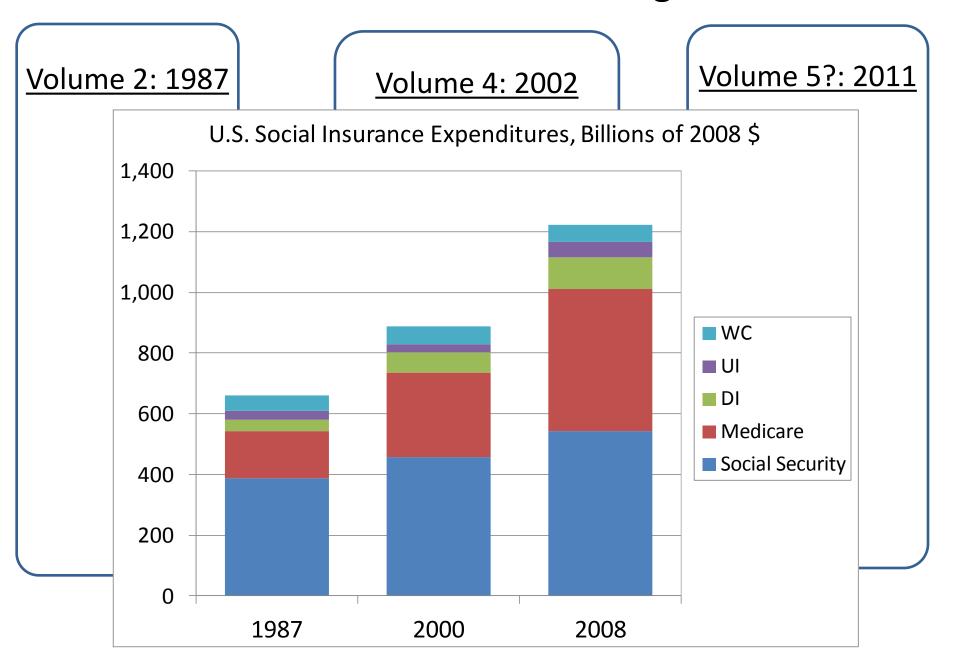
# U.S. Social Insurance Expenditures, 2008 (Billions)

| Social Security        | 542   |
|------------------------|-------|
| Medicare               | 468   |
| Disability Insurance   | 104   |
| Unemployment Insurance | 52    |
| Workers' Compensation  | 58    |
| Total                  | 1,223 |
| IUlai                  | 1,223 |

## U.S. Social Insurance as seen through Handbooks



### U.S. Social Insurance as seen through Handbooks



#### Volume 2: 1987

Ch 13: Income Maintenance and Social Insurance, Atkinson

#### Volume 4: 2002

Ch 31: Health Care and the Public Sector, *Cutler* 

Ch 32: Social Security, *Feldstein* and *Liebman* 

Ch 33: Labor Supply Effects of Social Insurance, Krueger and Meyer

#### Volume 5?: 2011

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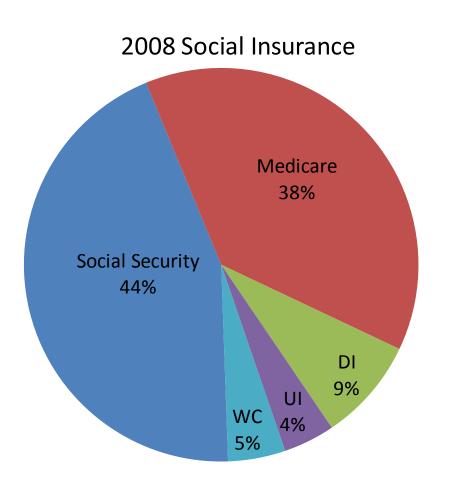
## Getting back to the paper

- 1) Should government intervene?
  - Does selection exist (in the private market for insurance)?
     Positive correlation test.
  - How does this affect welfare?
- 2) Optimal SI policy
  - Develop expressions that implicitly define optimal policies
  - Sufficient statistics, estimable elasticities and changes in consumption

# Where this work is being applied

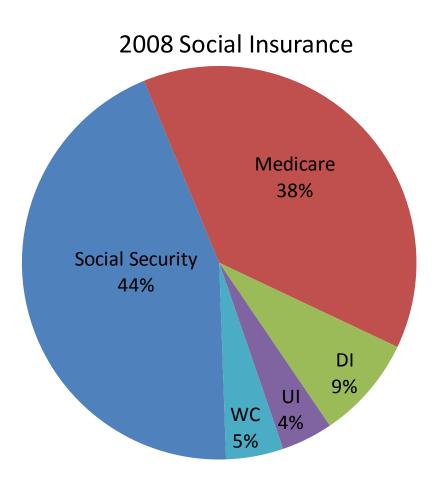
|                 |                               | Optimal Policy      |                                 |                                   |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|                 | Testing for Adverse Selection | Change in<br>C or U | Elasticity<br>(Moral<br>Hazard) | Optimal<br>Benefit<br>Calculation |
| Social Security | X                             |                     |                                 |                                   |
| Medicare        | X                             |                     | X                               |                                   |
| Disability Ins. |                               |                     | X                               |                                   |
| Unemp. Ins.     |                               | Х                   | X                               | X                                 |
| Workers' Comp.  |                               |                     | X                               |                                   |

# Why Intervene?



 Extent of adverse selection: most work is for private health insurance markets

# **Optimal Policy**



 Majority of the work is on UI program.

# Observations on Chapter, Future Work

- Why intervene? Focus in chapter is on selection.
  - Paternalism (optimization failures), aggregate shocks, redistribution (SS)
- Challenge in why intervene piece: estimate adverse selection given existence of social insurance programs

### Observations on Chapter, Future Work (cont)

- Medicaid?
  - As with Medicare, there market failure due to selection. But it is means tested. Still, similar issues arise.
- It would be good to spend more time describing the findings in the optimal SI literature.
- Literature described in the two parts are not well integrated